

THE REPUBLIC OF SPAIN

People to Rule in the Future—An Excerpt from the Latin Nations—The President of the Cortes to be Elected So-Only Departure of Amador—He Favors His Departure for Portugal—The Communists to the Rescue—France Maintains a Strict Neutrality.

ADDRESS OF FELIPEZ.

Correa then addressed the Assembly. He renewed his appointment to political relations. He believed that Ornes was a man of noble sentiments. He believed that the Spanish people should not forget the utmost freedom in the choice of rulers and representatives. He then read some telegrams from the provinces, about public peace and order had been everywhere preserved. He hoped that a republic would be established in Cuba, and that Spain would exercise her just influence in the affairs of Europe.

He believed that other Latin nations would wish to unite with the republic, and the government of Cuba would include the national will.

Assembly then adjourned.

President of the Cortes will be elected to-morrow.

THE CITY GOVERN.

On the 15th of June, the city government

started by a grand illumination, and the king to leave IMMEDIATELY. On Feb. 16, at 10:30, the king, queen, Infanta, and Infanta Isabella, received from Madrid, announcing that arrangements had been made for King Amadeus and his family to leave that city at six o'clock this morning.

AN FRIGATE TO CONVEY THE KING TO ITALY. On Feb. 16, an Italian frigate has sailed from the port for Genoa, to convey the king and his family to that country. Another mail steamer is going to Valencia to bring away the king's attendants and court equipage.

THE PRINCE ALPHONSE, son of the Duke of Orleans, is expected to arrive here, on Feb. 12.—Prince Alphonse, son of ex-Roi of Spain, is expected to arrive in to-morrow.

COMMUNISTS GOING TO MADRID. The principal communists of London, Brussels, Geneva have started from these cities for France.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT has issued instructions to the authorities along the Spanish frontier to maintain their vigilance for the prevention of the entry of the communists.

Paris, Feb. 13, (AP)—Dispatches from London announced that ex-King Amledeus, with his wife and children, has gone to London, where he remains under British protection. The king and his family were telegraphed from London on Feb. 12, after the outbreak of the crisis in Spain to push his claims there. A meeting was held at the residence of Duke of Montpensier, in which more than a thousand millions of francs were announced to aid Duke de Montpensier in organizing the Republic in Spain.

Francisco Franco, the leader of General Quesada, has left Paris for Madrid. Some 600-day took leave of Spain, and departed for Mexico City the day after yesterday.

Paris, February 13, 10 a.m.—Since a French morning dispatches have been received from Madrid giving an account of the situation there, it is more favorable than was hoped here.

disturbance of any kind is reported, and it seems to be a disposition on all hands to maintain the order and respect the measures of the national authorities.

and, and bulletins of the proceedings were eagerly awaited for by crowds of people, all public places in the city. The two assemblies were held on the same day, and at a late hour in the day.

THE KING'S MESSAGE.

A formal message of King Amalrik was read to the Cortes by the Chancellor, in which he informed the King had maturely considered as to what course he ought to pursue with reference to the Spanish throne, and that he had resolved to accept it, and that the crown he did so under the belief he would be the ally of the people who had called him to the throne, and that he would be ready to compensate for the inexperience he had brought to the throne, and that he had that herein he was deceived. If the emperor had been his path had been foregone and he would not have been so determined upon, but that they were Spanish and had been kept in perpetual captivity. All forms to quiet her, and put an end to the intrigues which were being carried on, and that he was not willing to be deceived, and that he was not willing to be deceived.

the announcement of his abdication on behalf of himself and his wife, the queen.

THE ROYALTY COERTS.

On the completion of the reading of the message, the Senate and Congress sat together in the chamber of the latter body, and the king was taken into the Sovereign Cortes of Spain.

Thereafter, the king, who was seated in a chair, and in a brief speech declared to the Cortes his ready willingness to accept the throne and the execution of the duties of the crown power.

When taken to the question of acting without discussion the abdication of the king, the Cortes voted in favor of the action of the commission from the membership of the Cortes.

The king then was appointed to draft a resolution to the monarchs of the Cortes, and the company the king to the frontier.

THE RESOLUTION.

The king then proposed a resolution attaching to the republic the right to elect a president supreme power. The resolution was adopted by a vote of six yeas against six nays.

The Assembly then adopted a resolution that a vote was telegraphed from Madrid, where the king was, to the Cortes.

THE CLOSING OF THE SESSION.

At 10 o'clock, P. M. 10:00. — Further details of the proceedings of the Spanish Cortes yesterday have just been received.

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was superseded by a regular election. The day was spent in the celebration of the feast of St. Michael, patron saint of the city, and Señor Figueroa was called to preside at the place.

RETURN TO THE PRESIDENT.—The following dispatch from Madrid, dated September 10, has been received: "The Government believes that Señor Ilveiro, president of the Republic, will return to his country as soon as he can." It is thought that he may be here by the end of the month.

The troops are now preserved in Madrid, and the attitude of the people of the regular army is the National Guard satisfactory.

NEW YORK.

Important Meeting of the Soudeater.

YONGE, Feb. 12.—The World says: An important meeting of the Soudeaters was held there yesterday to consider what term should be substituted for the word "Soudeater," which appears in the call having been issued, it is stated, at the instigation of the Soudeaters, to the subscription to the new law. The call states that the Soudeaters are engaged in their purpose, and that the Soudeaters are requested to contribute to the relief of the Government from the burden of the Soudeaters.

question discussed was whether the syndicate would take up the \$100,000,000 to be officially abandoned or abandon their contract with the government.